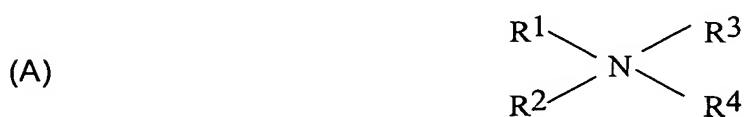
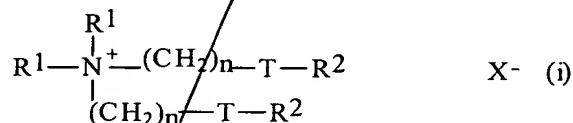


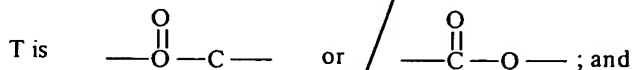
7. (Amended) A composition according to claim 1 wherein the dye has a solubility in water of equal to or greater than 5g of 100 ml of water at 20°C.
8. (Amended) A composition according to claim 1 comprising 10 wt% - 30 wt% cationic surfactant as the stabilising agent.
9. (Amended) A composition according to claim 1 wherein the cationic stabilising agent is a compound of general formula (A)



Wherein R¹ and R² are independently C₁-C₆ alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkyl or alkenyl groups, or hydroxyalkyl groups and R³ and R⁴ are independently C₈-C₂₈ alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkyl or alkenyl groups, or hydroxyalkyl groups or, a compound of general formula (I)

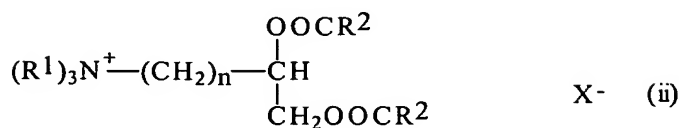


wherein each R¹ group is independently selected from C₁₋₄ alkyl, hydroxyalkyl or C₂₋₄ alkyl groups; and wherein each R² group is independently selected from C₈₋₂₈ alkyl or alkenyl groups; X⁻ is chloride or methosulphate.



n is an integer from 0-5

or, a compound of general formula (ii)



wherein R^1 , n , R^2 and X^- are as defined above.

10. (Amended) A composition according to claim 1 wherein the weight ratio of perfume to dye is within the range 200:1 to 5:1, preferably 100:1 to 15:1.

11. (Amended) A composition according to claim 1 wherein the weight ratio of perfume to stabilising agent is 10:1 to 1:1, preferably 5:1 to 1:1.

12. (Amended) A composition according to claim 1 comprising 0.1-10 wt% water.

13. (Amended) A method of preparing a fabric softening composition comprising the steps;

(i) preparing a base composition comprising a cationic and/or nonionic fabric softening agent, and

(ii) adding to (i) a composition according to claim 1, to produce the fabric softening composition.